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Kathmandu, Nepal 14–16 November

REGIONAL CONFERENCE 2024

Climate Responsive Land Governance and Disaster Resilience: Safeguarding Land Rights



Low-Cost GNSS Receiver Systems for

Early Warning System (EWS), Air-Quality Monitoring (AQM), and Gateless-Toll-Gate (GTG)

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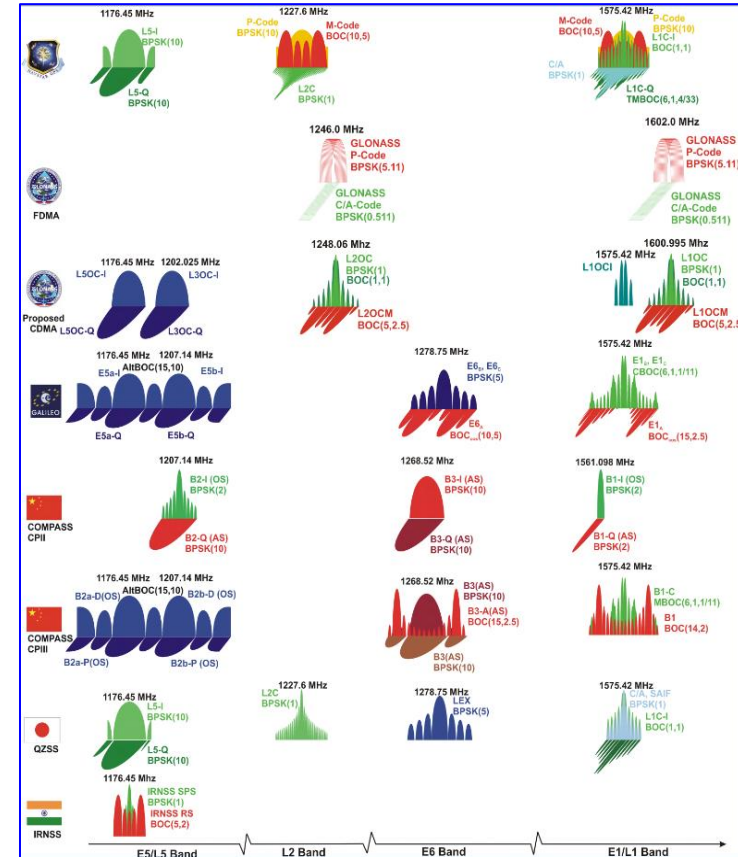


GNSS Introduction

- GNSS (Global Navigation Satellite System) is an acronym used to represent all Navigation Satellite Systems such as

Satellite	Country	Coverage
GPS	USA	Global
GLONASS	Russia	Global
Galileo	Europe	Global
BeiDou (BDS)	China	Global
QZSS (Michibiki)	Japan	Regional
NavIC	India	Regional

L5/E5/B2/L3 L2 L6/E6/B3 L1/E1/B1



https://gssc.esa.int/navipedia/images/c/cf/GNSS_All_Signals.png

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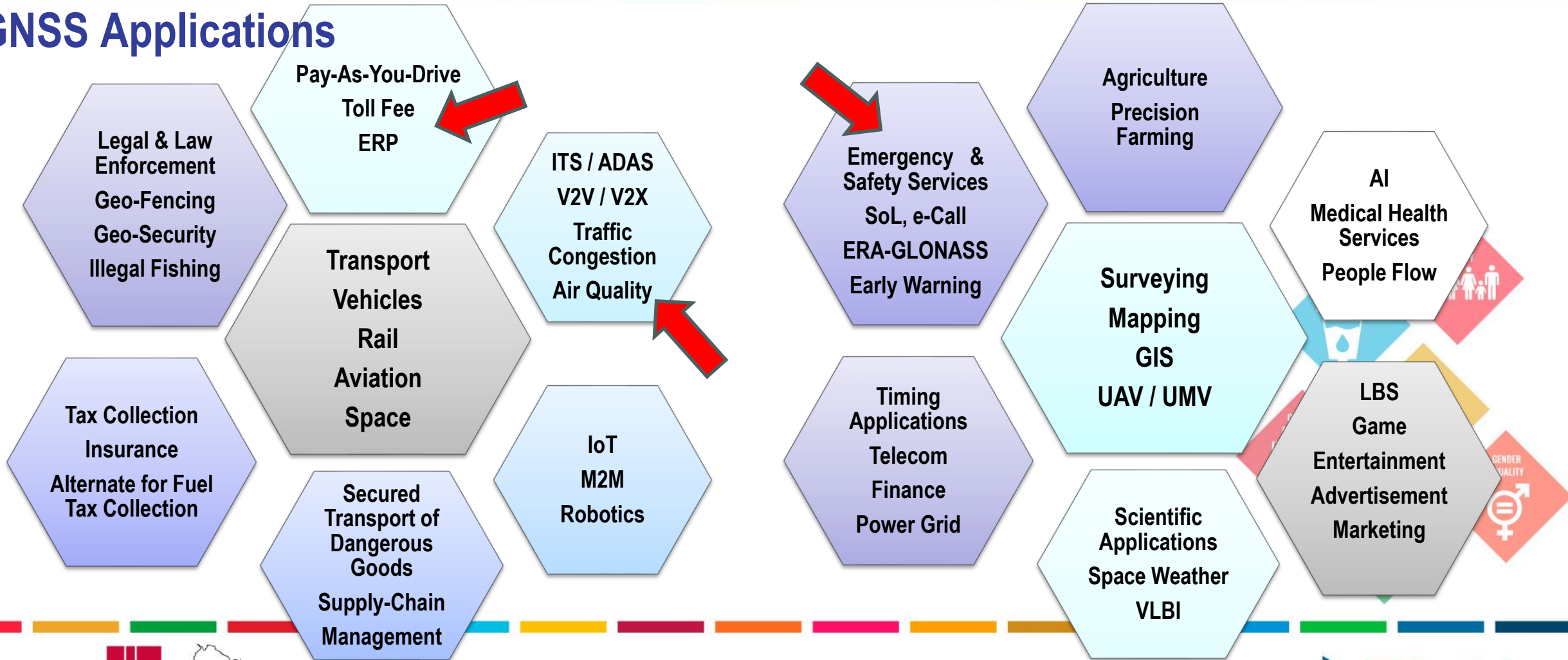
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GNSS Applications



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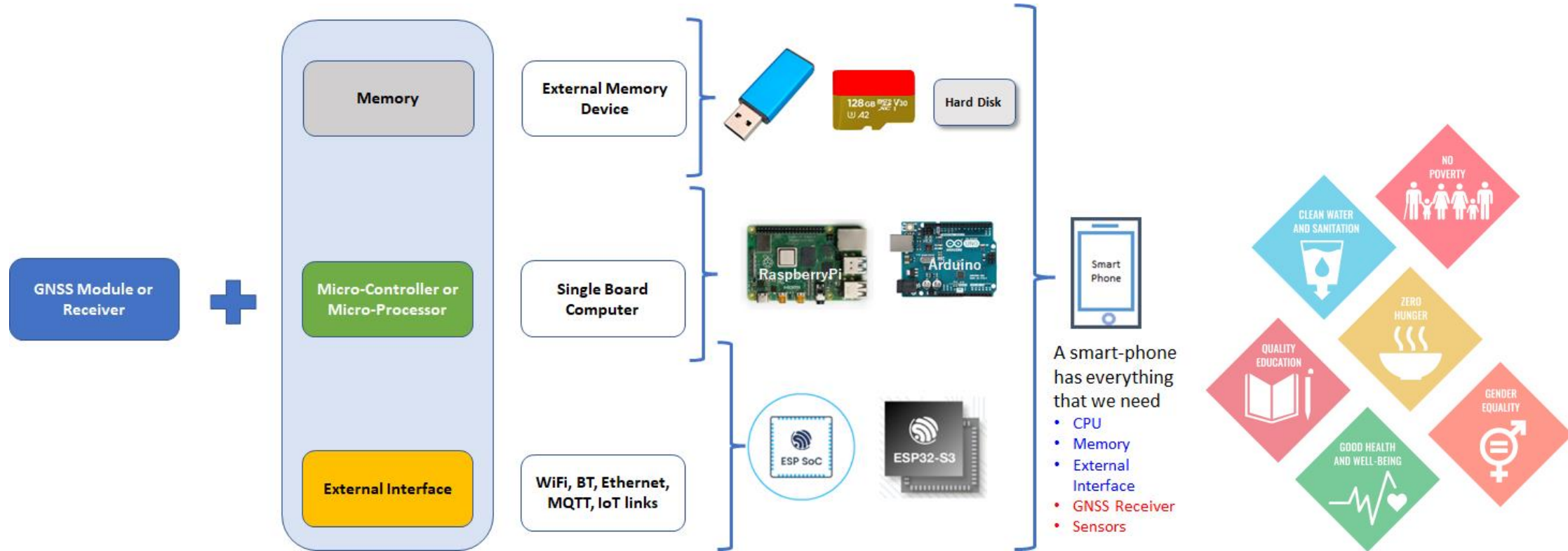
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How to Make a Low-Cost GNSS Receiver System?

A system that costs less than \$1,000, Our target is \$100



FIG

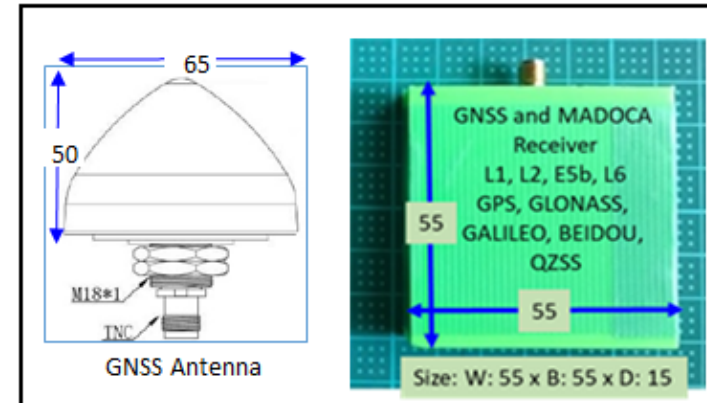
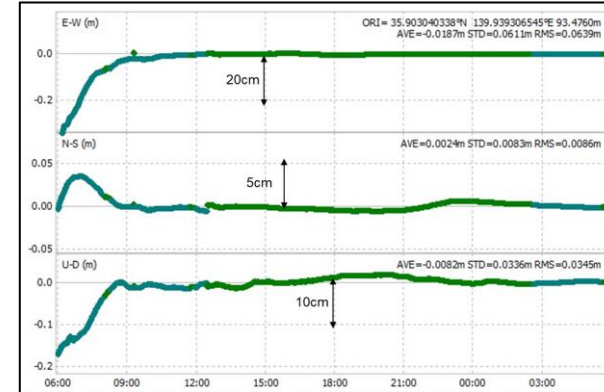
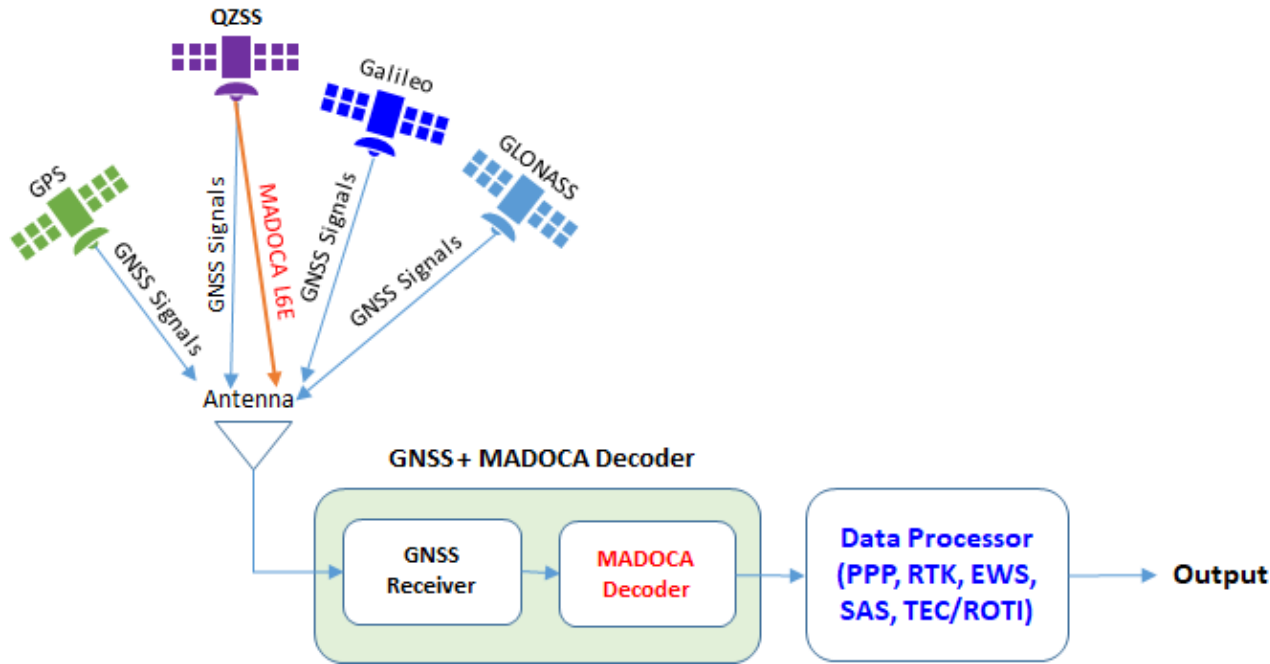
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High-Accuracy Low-Cost GNSS Receiver System RTK, MADOCA-PPP, QZSS SAS, EWS Compatible



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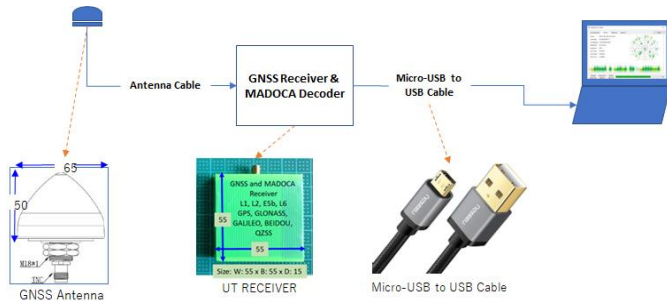
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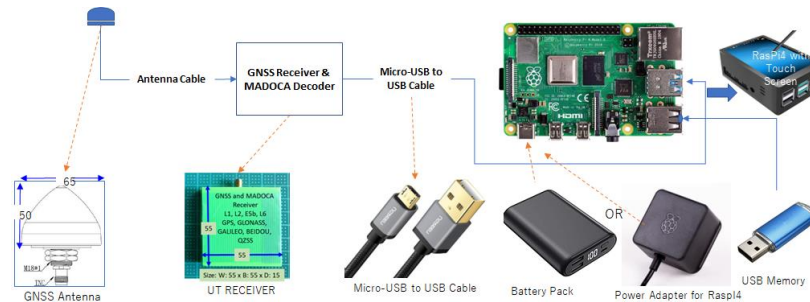


High-Accuracy Low-Cost GNSS Receiver System: MAD-WIN, MAD-PI and MADROID

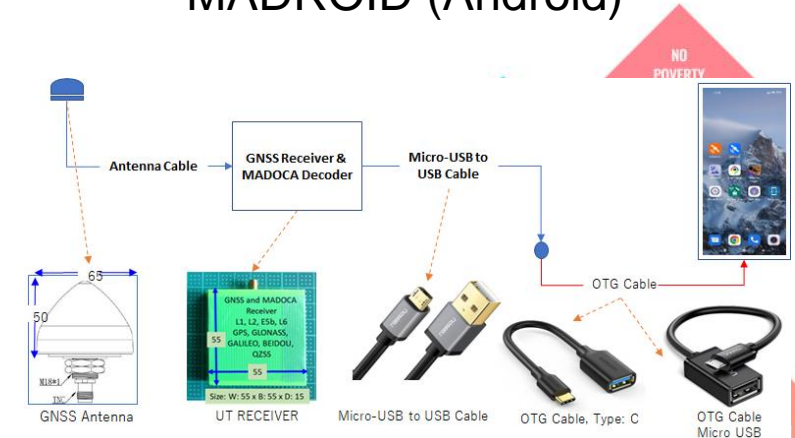
MAD-WIN (Windows)



MAD-PI (RaspberryPI)



MADROID (Android)

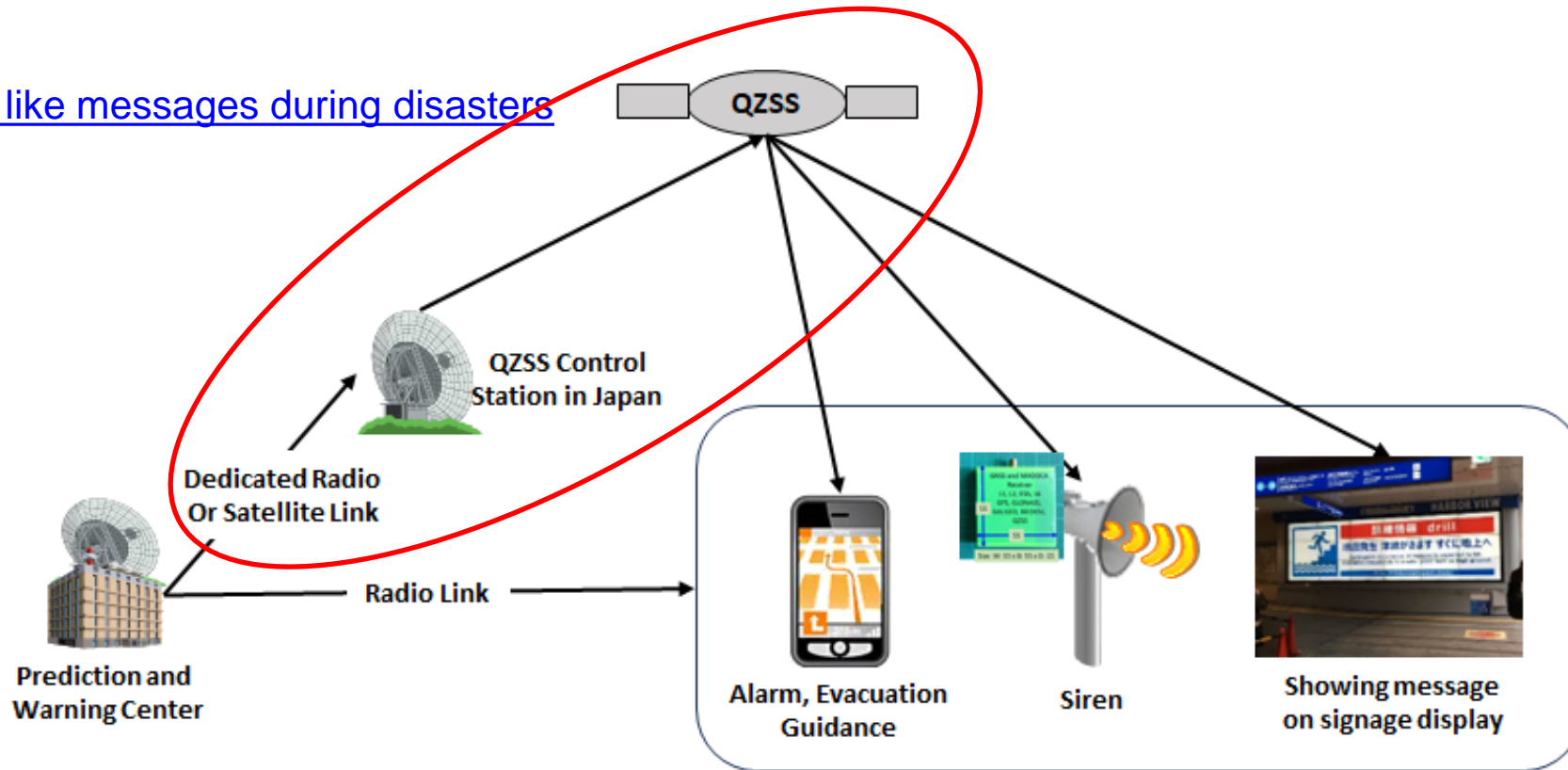


- ✓ Provides 20cm absolute accuracy
- ✓ Base-Station is not required



Low-Cost GNSS Receiver Systems for QZSS Early Warning System (EWS)

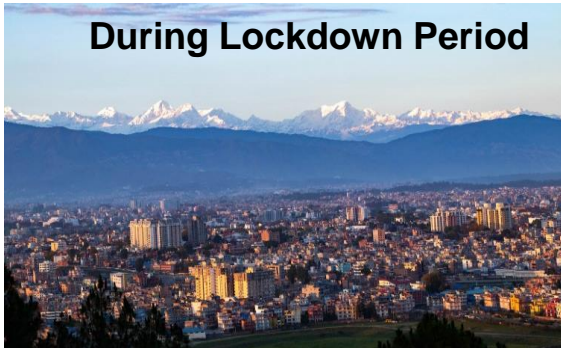
Broadcasts SMS like messages during disasters





Low-Cost GNSS Receiver Systems for Air Quality Monitoring (AQM)

Integration of Environment Sensors with a Low-cost GNSS Receiver System

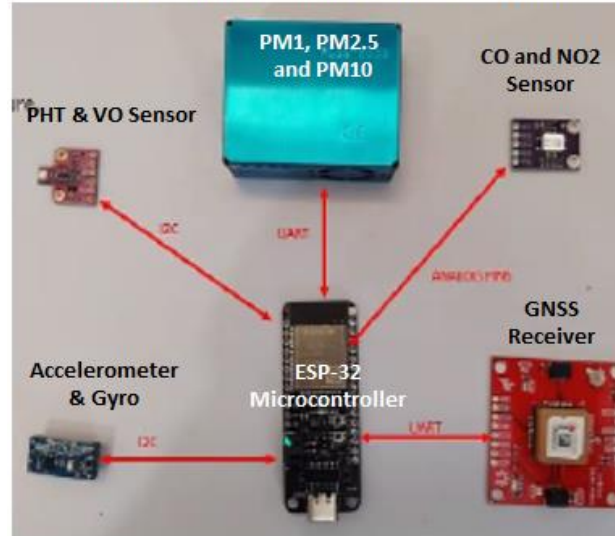


EPA has designated six major air pollutants as “criteria” pollutants:

- Carbon monoxide (CO)
- Nitrogen Oxides
 - (NO and NO2)
- Sulfur Dioxide (SO2)
- Ozone (O3)
- Particulate Matter (PM)
- Lead (Pb)

Lockdown Photo Sources: https://www.nepalitimes.com/here-now/nepals-smoky-mountains/?fbclid=IwAR31xbeCKSSj9_gN0AU7BKMquQAzTg0Z6J-LUTmTsZu9o7o9ozsddu8Z5Vo

AQM (Air Quality Monitoring) Prototype System



FIG

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Low-Cost GNSS Receiver Systems for Air Quality Monitoring (AQM) Air Quality Data Analysis: PM2.5, NO2, Humidity etc.

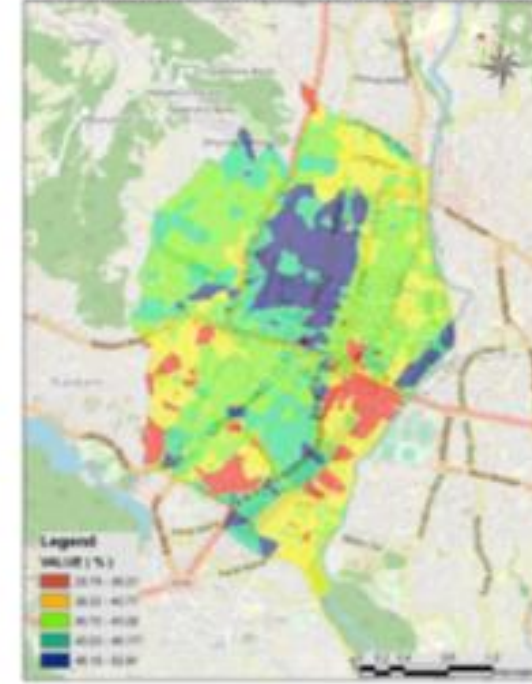
PM2.5 Concentration in Pokhara Valley



NO2 Concentration in Pokhara Valley



Humidity Distribution Map of Pokhara Valley



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Low-Cost GNSS Receiver Systems for Gateless Toll Gate (GTG) Merits and Demerits of the Systems

Type	Sensor Type	On Board Device Unit (OBDU)	Gantry System	OBDU Implementation	System Impact on Traffic Congestion	MLFF Compatibility	Privacy Issues	Real-Time Monitoring	Real-Time Charging	Dynamic Pricing	Use on Any Road	Gantry Cost (IOM)	OBDU Cost
ANPR	Optical Camera	NA	Required to Setup Camera	NA	No	No	Limited to Gantry and Toll Roads connected to Gantry	No	No Post-paying	No Flat Tariff	Maybe	High	\$0
DSRC	Short range radio signal at 5, 8 GHz	Yes	Required	Self-Implementation possible	Maybe	No	OBDU stores user ID and other info	Yes (at the gates)	Yes	No (Point-based charging rate)	No	Very High	< \$100
RFID	Radio signal at 860 – 960MHz	RF Tag Passive Type	Required	Self Implementation	Yes	No	RF Tag stores user ID	Yes (at the gates)	Yes	No (Point-based charging rate)	No	Very High	< \$10
GNSS	GNSS signals	GNSS receiver system	No	Agent Implementation	No	Yes	Location surveillance of vehicle all the time	Yes	Yes	Yes (Point, Distance or Congestion based)	Yes	No Gantry or Zero Cost	< \$100





Low-Cost GNSS Receiver Systems for Gateless Toll Gate (GTG)

Why are GNSS based Toll Gates Necessary?

- No Physical Toll Gates
- Real-Time Traffic Congestion Management
- Dynamic Road Pricing
 - Distance, time, location,
 - Vehicle type, lane and occupancy
 - Traffic congestion condition
- Global Seamless Implementation
 - Cross-border operation
- Reward Road Users
 - Using alternate routes to avoid congested route

- ✓ Singapore: ERP to ERP 2.0
- ✓ ERP 2.0 is based on GNSS → No Physical Gates



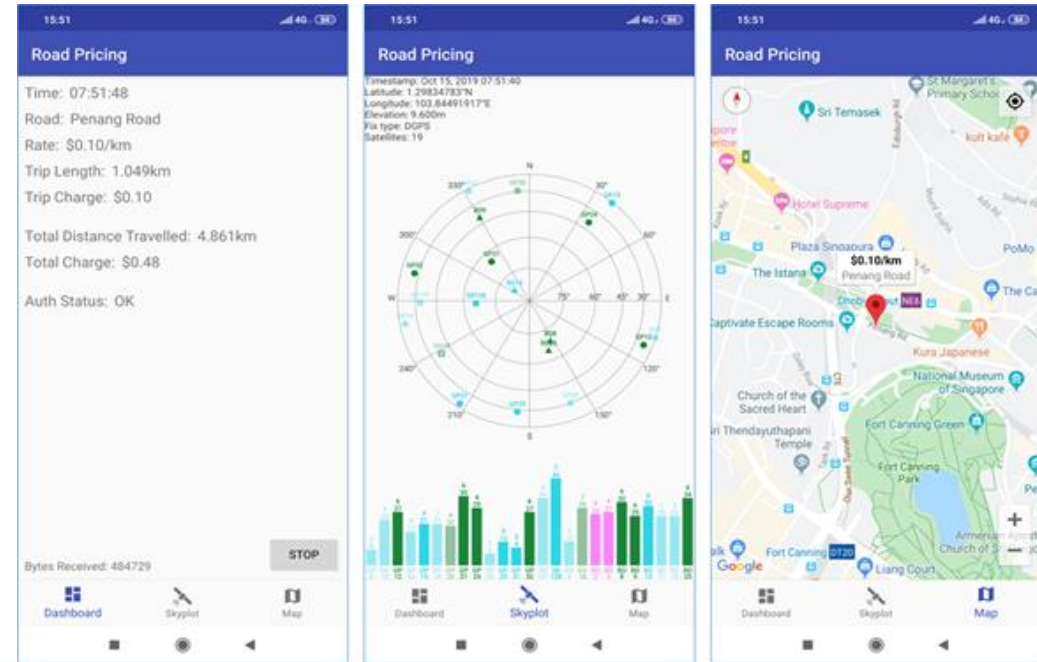
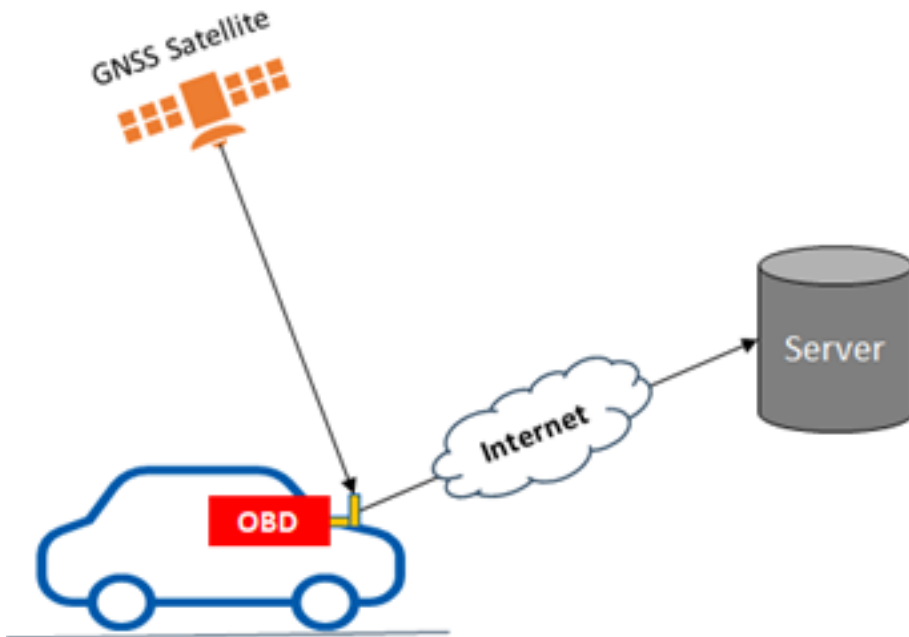
ERP: Electronic Road Pricing





Low-Cost GNSS Receiver Systems for Gateless Toll Gate (GTG) Prototype System Architecture and Test Data

A Gateless Toll Gate (GTG) can be implemented by using a GNSS-based Toll System





Summary

- We have developed low-cost GNSS receiver systems that can be used for Early Warning System, Dynamic Air Quality Monitoring, and Gateless Toll Gate.
 - These devices are available (free of cost) for joint research or pilot projects under the MTA (Material Transfer Agreement) contract.
- The system is also useful for many other applications such as high-accuracy surveying using RTK or MADOCA-PPP, GNSS signal authentication, and space weather parameter computations such as TEC (Total Electron Content).
- Some organizations and universities use these devices for research, pilot projects, and capacity development.
- We encourage conducting joint research or pilot projects using low-cost receiver systems.

